

# **Beginner's Field Guide**

## Spring in Chicagoland

#### It's spring!

Birds are migrating north, spring wildflowers are emerging, and trees are leafing out. The outdoors is abuzz with new life and change from week to week, and the sun is setting later and later.

This field guide will help you get to know the plants and animals that also call your Chicagoland neighborhood home. These are just a few of the many birds, mammals, insects, trees, spiders and more that live in backyards, under logs, in gardens, and in nearby parks or forest preserves. Learn their common names in both English and Spanish, and their scientific names too!



Grey Squirrel
Ardilla Gris
Sciurus carolinensis
Find them coming out of the

Find them coming out of their shelters as the days warm, playing in the sun, and finding food they hid last fall.



**Tadpole** Renacuajo

Order Anura

Explore local ponds or wetlands and you may see a tadpole of one of Chicago's thirteen frog or toad species.



Hunting Spider Araña lobo

Schizocosa or Dolomedes

These spiders don't make webs, except for homes for their babies. They are on the prowl looking for food with their eight eyes but are non-aggressive with people.



**Robin** 

Mirlo Primavera Turdus migratorius

Some stay all winter but many robins that have migrated south for food are returning – and may return year after year to the same yard or tree.



#### **Mourning Cloak**

Capas de Luto Nymphalis antiopa

Butterflies need to be warm to fly – the mourning cloak's dark color helps it absorb sunlight.



#### **Bright Green Sweat Bee**

Abeja de sudor verde brillante Augochlora

Overwintering in old rotting logs, they are ready to emerge in spring to feed on and pollinate our spring wildflowers.



**Red-Winged Blackbird** 

Sargento Alirrojo Agelaius phoeniceus

The bright red of the male's shoulder is hard to mistake, and so too is their conk-la-ree song.



**Red Admiral** 

Vanessa o Almirante rojo Vanessa atalanta

They can often be seen landing on a sunny white fence to warm up.



Inchworm

Oruga Geometridae

These cute moth larva have fewer extra legs than most caterpillars, so they walk in a loopy way.



#### **Earthworm**

### Lombriz

Lumbricus terrestris

Disturbed by spring rains, earthworms will come to the surface where they provide food for the robins.



**Dandelion** 

Diente de León Taraxacum officinale

This cheerful flower is a good friend to bees and other pollinators by providing important nectar early in the season.



Roble

Quercus

It's one of the latest trees to leaf out in spring, but you will see its stringy flowers hanging from the branches.



#### Grasshopper

Saltamontes

Acrididae

Even as babies, grasshoppers and their cousins, the crickets, can be recognized because of their big jumping legs



**Violet** 

Violeta Viola sororia

This delicate perennial beauty is the most common species of the eight violets found in Illinois. Look for white, pink and yellow ones too.



**Maple** 

Arce Acer

The tips of the trees will look red in the spring as flowers, and then seeds and leaves appear.



Hormiga Formicidae

There are over 1000 ant species in North America, only 30 of which pester humans. Ants live in colonies and are remarkably strong.



#### **Spring Beauty**

Belleza de Virginia

Claytonia virginica

Maybe our most common native spring wildflower, it can cover our lawns with pink in the spring.



**Maple Seeds** 

Semillas de Arce

Acer

The winged fruits, called samaras, appear early on our native maples, providing plenty of food before berries and acorns are ripe.

#### Go, explore!

Keep your eyes open for wildlife on your walk to school or in your parkway. See for yourself what critters are out there. Ask a trusted adult to take you to a park or nature center.

Draw your own observations of nature and what's around you! Don't forget to record Date, Location, Time, and Weather!

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Learn more by checking out field guides from the library and downloading free ones at fieldguides.fieldmuseum.org