Mata de Plátano Field Station and Nature Reserve, Arecibo, PUERTO RICO Lichens of Mata de Plátano Field Station

Joel A. Mercado-Díaz & Robert Lücking

Photos by Robert Lücking & Waldemar Alcobas. Produced by Joel A. Mercado-Díaz, R. Lücking, T. Wachter, R. Foster, J. Philipp, with support from the National Science Foundation, Ford Motor Company's Conservation & Environmental Grant awarded to the first author (2014), Andrew Mellon Foundation, and Connie Keller.

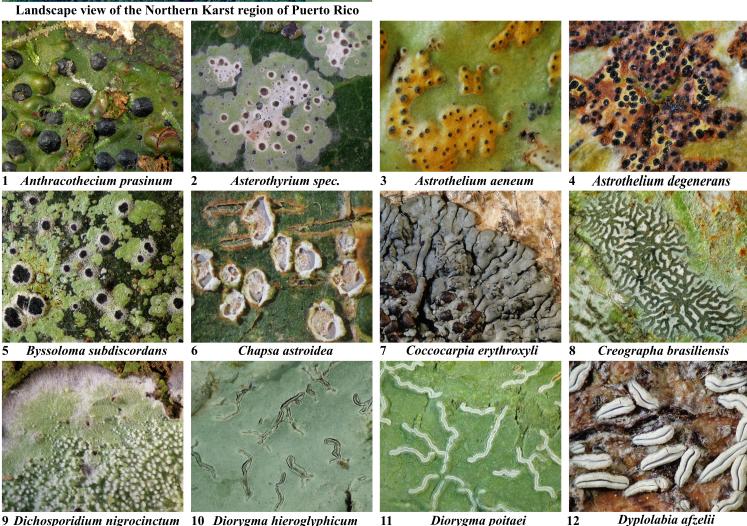
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Mata de Plátano Field Station is located in the town of Arecibo, Puerto Rico. The station is part of the Northern Karst, an important geological formation that covers almost 33% of the island's surface area. This region is characterized by the presence of cone-shaped hills locally known as "mogotes", sinkholes, dozens of underground river systems and hundreds of caves and caverns. It contains one of Puerto Rico's most important aquifers, satisfying about one fourth of the total domestic water demand of the island. Karst forests are among the most biologically diverse ecosystems of Puerto Rico and serve as home for a number of endangered and threatened species like the Puerto Rican Crested Toad (Peltophryne lemur) and the Beautiful Goetzea (Goetzea elegans). The lichen flora of the station is typical of young and old secondary forests in the tropics, including numerous species belonging to the genera Graphis, Pertusaria, Bacidia, Phyllopsora, Coenogonium, Pyrenula, Malmidea, Fissurina, Astrothelium, etc. Only the thelotremoid genera Pycnotrema, Thelotrema, Chapsa and Trinathotrema have been found in these forests, which agrees with the long history of disturbances that these ecosystems have faced in the past. Mata de Plátano Field Station is the only scientific field station in the northwestern portion of the island. It is managed by the Interamerican University.



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29

Pycnotrema spec.

30

Pyrenula anomala

31

Pyrenula cruenta

32

Strigula spec.